





The Arkansas Jural Assembly
P.O. Box 142
Little Rock, Arkansas [72203]

## Arkansas State Common Law Court

The Unincorporated Land and Soil Jurisdiction
One of the Federation States of the Union
August 27, 2023

To: All Arkansas State and County Courts Subject: Notice of Capacity and Standing

This is official notice from The Arkansas Assembly Court Clerk's Office to all State of Arkansas Courts that the Arkansas Jural Assembly Court now has the capacity and standing to adjudicate the affairs of living Men and Women on the Land and Soil Jurisdiction who are known as American State Nationals and American State Citizens.

This is an **Invocation** of the Supreme Court ruling known as Ex Parte Milligan. **Ex Parte Milligan**, 71 U.S. 2 (1866), American Civilians are not subject to the Authorities of Military War and we are owed the Law of Peace. Law of Peace DOA PAM 27-161-1 1956

Because all living beings on Earth will benefit when Common Law Courts are widely available, we expect all Agencies, Companies, and Government Service Corporations to swiftly accommodate any notice, as well as the directives that will periodically follow.

May we remind our corporate partners of the Supreme Court ruling known as Ex-Parte Milligan as well as Title 18, Subsection 242, which makes it a crime for a person acting under color of law to willfully deprive a person of a right or privilege protected by the Constitution or the laws of the United States.

American State Nationals will now and in the future be brought before our American Common Law Court on the Jurisdiction of the Land and Soil.

Notice to Agents is Notice to Principals, Notice to Principals is Notice to Agents

Your cooperation is expected and appreciated.

By:

Arkansas Jural Assembly Coordinator, Kimberly Baker, The Arkansas Jural Assembly Court







By: Will Harrison, The Arkansas Jural Assembly Court
By: Arkansas Jural Assembly Court

State Court Clerk, Sherrel Courvelle, The Arkansas Jural Assembly Court

## DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER COLOR OF LAW

Section 242 of Title 18 makes it a crime for a person acting under color of any law to willfully deprive a person of a right or privilege protected by the Constitution or laws of the United States.

For the purpose of Section 242, acts under "color of law" include acts not only done by federal, state, or local officials within their lawful authority, but also acts done beyond the bounds of that official's lawful authority, if the acts are done while the official is purporting to or pretending to act in the performance of his/her official duties. Persons acting under color of law within the meaning of this statute include police officers, prison guards and other law enforcement officials, as well as judges, care providers in public health facilities, and others who are acting as public officials. It is not necessary that the crime be motivated by animus toward the race, color, religion, sex, handicap, familial status or national origin of the victim.

The offense is punishable by a range of imprisonment up to a life term, or the death penalty, depending upon the circumstances of the crime, and the resulting injury, if any.

## TITLE 18, U.S.C., SECTION 242

Whoever, under color of any law, statute, ordinance, regulation, or custom, willfully subjects any person in any State, Territory, Commonwealth, Possession, or District to the deprivation of any rights, privileges, or immunities secured or protected by the Constitution or laws of the United States, ... shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than one year, or both; and if bodily injury results from the acts committed in violation of this section or if such acts include the use, attempted use, or threatened use of a dangerous weapon, explosives, or fire, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both; and if death results from the acts committed in violation of this section or if such acts include kidnapping or an attempt to kidnap, aggravated sexual abuse, or an attempt to commit aggravated sexual abuse, or an attempt to kill, shall be fined under this title, or imprisoned for any term of years or for life, or both, or may be sentenced to death.